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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/784,393	02/23/2004	Aaron T. Timperman	22085/2112	8432
29932	7590 12/29/2004		EXAM	INER
	DODGE, LLP PBELL EVANS		BEISNER, W	VILLIAM H
	GTON AVENUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, M.	02199			

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	٠
	10/784,393	TIMPERMAN, AARON T.	
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	
	William H. Beisner	1744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a relation. It reply within the statutory minimum of thirt riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	٠
Status			:
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0 2a)□ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allocation accordance with the practice und	This action is non-final. wance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-35</u> is/are without 5)□ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	·
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB.	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election of Group I, claims 1-12, in the reply filed on 10/8/04 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Claims 13-35 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

 Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 10/8/04.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statements filed 8/2/04 and 11/15/04 have been considered and made of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claims are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nelson et al.(US 6,007,690) in view of Wang et al.(Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry).

The reference of Nelson et al. discloses a microfluidic device that includes an inlet channel (66); a reaction channel (enrichment channel, 62) and solid supports (3) in communication with the reaction channel and capable of concentrating a charged analyte produced by a reaction in the reaction channel.

While the reference of Nelson et al. discloses that the reaction channel (enrichment channel, 62) may be used as a microreactor for protein digestion (See column 4, lines 43-67), the reference does not specifically discloses that enzyme is located in the channel.

The reference of Wang et al. clearly discloses that it is conventional in the art to provide enzyme within a reaction channel on a microfluidic device (See Figure 1 and related disclosure).

In view of this teaching, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the enrichment channel (62) of the reference of Nelson et al. with an enzyme for the known and expected result of providing an art recognized means for protein digestion so as to provide a microreactor as suggested by the reference of Nelson et al.

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With respect to the specifics of the membrane employed of claims 2-4, the reference of Nelson et al. discloses a number of possible solid supports that can be employed with respect to the enrichment channel (See column 6, lines 1-56). As a result, in the absence of a showing of criticality and/or unexpected results, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to determine the optimum material for enclosing the enrichment channel based merely on the specifics of the analyte to be reacted and/or detected in the system.

With respect to the charge on the membrane of claims 5-10, based merely on the specific material of the membrane employed, the material will inherently include a positive or negative charge. Additionally, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a desired charge for the capture of reaction products as suggested by the reference of Nelson et al. (See column 6, lines 46-53).

With respect to the side channels of claims 6-10, the reference of Nelson et al. discloses the use of side channels (14, 15).

With respect to the electrodes of claims 9 and 10, the reference of Neslon et al. discloses the use of electrodes (60 and 61) with respect to the side channels. As is known in the field of electrophoresis, the voltage applied to the electrodes can be positive or negative based merely on the desired direction of flow. As a result, the electrodes of Nelson et al. are structurally capable of being positive or negative.

With respect to the claimed upstream module of claim 11, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to purify the sample prior to introduction into the microreactor

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system for the known and expected result of removing any components of the sample which may interfere with the analysis reactions and/or detection.

With respect to the downstream separation module of claim 12, the reference of Wang et al. discloses that it is conventional in the art to provide the protein digested sample of a microfluid device to a MS for further separation and analysis (See Figure 1 and related text). As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further analyze the reaction products of the device of Neslon et al. using a MS as suggested by the reference of Wang et al.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William H. Beisner whose telephone number is 571-272-1269. The examiner can normally be reached on Tues. to Fri. and alt. Mon. from 6:15am to 3:45pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on 571-272-1281. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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William H. Beisner Primary Examiner Art Unit 1744

WHB